

File Type	Full text				
Features	Thesauri	National Patent Classification, Cooperative Patent Classification, International Patent Classification			
	Alerts (SDIs)	Every update (twi	ce a week), Week	ly, or Monthly (Weekly is the default)	
	CAS Registry Number® Identifiers	\square	Page Images		
	Keep & Share	$\overline{\checkmark}$	SLART		
	Learning Database		Structures		
Record Content	 patents and apple Complete Chemalso be included Legal status info Patent Classification 	ications issued to ical Abstracts income in a record rmation for U.S. tions: NCL, CPC	by the U.S. Pater dexing for one ed patents since 19 C, IPC	I (first published) publications of U.S. nt and Trademark Office since 1975 quivalent U.S. chemical patent may 980 ble to PatentPak subscribers only)	
File Size	More than 10.1 mill	ion records (08/2	2020)		
Coverage	 1975-present Partial coverage of selected technologies 1971-1974 Defensive publications from 1976-present U.S. applications from 2001-present 				
Updates	 Twice a week U.S. Patent Classifications – no longer updated Cooperative Patent Classifications – updated weekly International Patent Classifications – updated quarterly 				
Language	English				
Database Producer	U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Office of Data Base Administration Data Maintenance Division 2011 Jefferson-Davis Highway, CP2-9C18 Arlington, VA 22202 USA				
Sources	U.S. patents issued	by the U.S. Pate	ent and Tradema	ark Office	
User Aids	Online Helps (Hill STNGUIDE	ELP DIRECTOR	Y lists all help m	essages available)	

Cluster

- AEROTECH
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- ALLBIB
- ANAVIST
- AUTHORS
- BIOSCIENCE
- CASRNS
- COMPUTER
- CONSTRUCTION
- CORPSOURCE
- ELECTRICAL
- ENGINEERING
- ENVIRONMENT
- FUELS
- FULLTEXT

- GEOSCIENCE
- HANAVIST
- HEALTH
- HPATENTS
- MATERIALS
- MEDICINE
- METALS
- NPS
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- PHYSICS
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- POLYMERS
- USPATALL

STN Database Cluster information:

http://www.stn-

international.com/en/customersupport/customersupport#cluster+%7C+subjects+%7C+features

Related Databases

- USPAT2
- USPATOLD

Search and Display Field Codes

Fields that allow left truncation are marked with an asterisk (*).

Search Field Name	Search Code	Search Examples	Display Codes
Basic Index * (contains single words from the title (TI), abstract (AB), claims (CLM), detailed description (DETD), summary (SUMM), drawing description (DRWD), parent case data (PARN), and government interest (GOVI) fields)	None (or /BI)	S GROWTH REGUL? S NAPHTHALENE? S ?VECTOR?	AB, CLM, DETD, DRWD, GOVI, PARN, SUMM, TI
Abstract * Accession Number	/AB /AN	S COBALT CATALYST?/AB S 94:1112/AN	AB AN
Accession Number	/AIN	S 2001:100195/AN	AIN
Applicant City (Corporate) (12) Applicant Country (Corporate) (12) Applicant Name (Corporate) (12) Applicant State (Corporate) (12)	/USPA.CTY /USPA.CNY /USPA /USPA.ST	S CAMBRIDGE/USPA.CTY S ARGENTINA/USPA.CNY S GENOMICS/USPA S OH/USPA.ST	USPA USPA USPA USPA
Application Country	/AC	S US/AC AND L1	Al
Application Date (1)	/AD	S NOV 23 1998/AD S 19981123/AD	Al
Application Number (2,11)	/AP	S US1977-851992/AP S US2013-13261341/AP	Al
Application Year (1)	/AY	S 1997/AY	Al
Art Unit (1)	/ARTU (or /ART)	S 126/ARTU	ARTU
CAS Registry Number (RN) (CAS data)	/RN	S 60-35-5/RN	IT, RN
Claim Text *	/CLM	S COBALT (S) SALT#/CLM	CLM
Classification Code (CAS data) (code and	/CC	S 27/CC	CC
text) (3) Controlled Term (CAS data)	/CT	S HETEROCYCLIC/CC S ANIMAL GROWTH SUBSTANCES/CT	CT, IT
Cooperative Patent Classification (4,10) Cooperative Patent Classification, Action Date	/CPC /CPC.ACD	S C12N0009/CPC S 20121113/CPC.ACD	CPC CPC.TAB
Cooperative Patent Classification, Combination Sets	/CPC.CS	S (B29C0066-71 (L) B29K2021-00)/CPC.CS S (B29C0066-71 AND B29K2021-00)/CPC.CS S C04B0028-04/CPC (T) COMBINATION SET/CPC.KW	CPC.TAB
Cooperative Patent Classification, Keywords (10)	/CPC.KW	S C12N0009/CPC (S) I/CPC.KW	CPC.TAB
Cooperative Patent Classification, Version	/CPC.VER	S 20130101/CPC.VER	CPC.TAB
Cooperative Patent Initial Classification Disclaimer Date (1)	/CPCI /DCD	S A61K0006-0014/CPCI S 19940111/DCD	CPCI DCD
Bisolainer Bate (1)	7505	S JAN 11 1994/DCD	000
Document Type (code and text)	/DT (or /TC)	S REISSUE/DT	DT
Entry Date (1)	/ED	S L1 AND ED>JAN 1, 2001	Not displayed
Examiner Name Examiner's Field of Search	/EXNAM /EXF	S SIEGEL ALAN M/EXNAM S 564/EXF;S 564/48/EXF	EXNAM EXF
Exemplary Claim Text *	/ECLM	S COBALT (S) MIXTURE/ECLM	CLM, ECLM
Field Availability (code and text)	/FA	S PARENT CASE DATA/FA S PARN/FA	Not displayed
File Segment (code and text)	/FS	S GRANTED/FS or S APPLICATION/FS	FS
Government Interest	/GOVI	S W-7405-ENG-48/GOVI	GOVI
Index Term (CAS data)	/IT	S REACTION OF/IT S 61895-14-5P/IT	IT
Inventor	/IN (or /AU)	S BENTLEY TERENCE J?/IN	IN
Inventor Address, City Inventor Address, Country	/IN.CTY /IN.CNY	S CRANBURY/IN.CTY S JAPAN/IN.CNY	IN, INA IN, INA
Inventor Address, Country Inventor Address, State	/IN.CNY /IN.ST	S NJ/IN.ST	IN, INA
Inventor Address, ZIP code (1)	/IN.ZIP	S 43017/IN.ZIP	IN, INA

Search and Display Field Codes (cont'd)

Search Field Name	Search Code	Search Examples	Display Codes
International Patent Classification, Action Date	/IPC.ACD /IPC.KW	S 20010529/IPC.ACD	IPC IPC
International Patent Classification, Keyword Terms International Patent Classification, Main (4,5.9)	/ICM	S INITIAL/IPC.KW S C07D/ICM S C07D-209/ICM S C07D-209-34/ICM S C07C-125/06/ICM S A01B001-00-A01B003-00/ICM	ICM
International Patent Classification, Main Group Range-Searchable (1)	/MGR	S ENZYMES/ICM S 200-209/MGR	ICM
International Patent Classification, Secondary (4,5,9)	/ICS	S C07C125/ICS S A01B001/00-A01B003/00/ICS	ICS
International Patent Classification, Subgroup Range-Searchable (1)	/SGR	S ENZYMES/ICS S 400-600/SGR	IPC
International Patent Classification, Version(s) (1) Language (code and text)	/IPC.VER /LA	S 7/IPC.VER S L1 AND EN/LA	IPC LA
Legal Representative (3) Line Count (1) National Patent Classification, Current, Main and Secondary (4,6)	/LREP (or /AG) /LN.CNT /NCL	S JACKSON H G/LREP S 1000-1500/LN.CNT S 106035000/NCL S 106/035.000/NCL	LREP LN.CNT NCL
National Patent Classification, Current, Main (4,6)	/NCLM	S 106/35/NCL S ZEOLITES+NT/NCL S 423308000/NCLM S 423/NCLM	NCLM
National Patent Classification Current, Secondary	/NCLS	S ZEOLITES+NT/NCLM S 106038000/NCLS S 106/NCLS	NCLS
(4,6) National Patent Classification, Issue, Main and Secondary (4,6)	/INCL	S ZEOLITES+NT/NCLS S 433228000/INCL S 433/INCL S 433/227-433/229/INCL	INCL
National Patent Classification, Issue, Main (4,6)	/INCLM	S ZEOLITES+NT/INCL S 523118000/INCLM S 523/INCLM	INCLM
National Patent Classification, Issue, Secondary (4,6)	/INCLS	S ZEOLITES+NT/INCLM S 106035000/INCLS S 106/INCLS S ZEOLITES+NT/INCLS	INCLS
Number of Claims (1) Other Source	/CLMN /OS	S CLMN>20 S 99:9994/OS	CLMN OS
Patent Assignee (3) Patent Assignee Address, City	/PA (or /CS) /PA.CTY	S AMERICAN CYANAMID/PA S STAMFORD/PA.CTY	PA PA
Patent Assignee Address, Country	/PA.CNY	S UNITED KINGDOM/PA.CNY	PA
Patent Assignee Address, State Patent Assignee Address, ZIP code (1)	/PA.ST /PA.ZIP	S CT/PA.ST S 53201/PA.ZIP	PA PA
Patent Assignee Type Patent Assignee, Original	/PAT /PAO	S U S CORPORATION/PAT S ABBOTT/PAO	PAT PAO, RAI
Patent Country	/PC	S US/PC AND L2	PI
Patent Kind (7) Patent Number (2)	/PK /PN	S USA1/PK S US5933861/PN	PI PI
Patent Number/Kind Code	PNK /PDC	S US2001008908/PN S US20050136407/PNK	PNK
Priority Country Priority Date (1)	/PRC /PRD	S DE/PRC S 19981213/PRD	PRAI PRAI
Priority Number (2,8,11)	/PRN	S PRD>=DEC 13 1998 S DE1990-4041295/PRN S US2013-61686038/PRN S US2013-686038P/PRN	PRAI

Search and Display Field Codes (cont'd)

Search Field Name	Search Code	Search Examples	Display Codes
Priority Year (1)	/PRY	S PRY>=1997	PRAI
Publication Date (1)	/PD	S JUNE 1 1999/PD	PI
Publication Year (1)	/PY	S PY>=1998	PI
Reassignment Agent	/RAA	S BAKER BOTTS/RAA	RAA, RAI
Reassignment Company	/RAC	S ABBOTT/RAC	RAC, RAI
Reassignment Country	/RAC.CNY	S AUSTRALIA/RAC.CNY	RAI
Reassignment Date (1)	/RAD	S 20070411/RAD	RAD, RAI
Reassignment Recorded Year (1)	/RARY	S 2010/RARY	Not displayed
Reassignment Execution Date (1)	/RAXD	S 20080324/RAXD	RAXD, RAI
Reassignment Execution Year (1)	/RAXY	S 2011/RAXY	Not displayed
Reassignment Kind	/RAK	S CABLE/RAK	RAK, RAI
Reassignment Update Date (1)	/RAUP	S 20071004/RAUP	RAUP, RAI
Reference Non-Patent Information	/REN	S HOUSE/REN	REN
		S SYNTHE? REACTION#/REN	
Reference Patent Classification (4,6)	/RPCL	S 100003000/RPCL	REP
Reference Patent Country	/RPC	S L7 AND US/RPC	REP
Reference Patent Inventor	/RPIN	S ASATO/RPIN	REP
Reference Patent IPC	/RPIC	S A01B/RPIC	REP
		S A01B069/RPIC	
		S A01B069-04/RPIC	
Reference Patent Number (2)	/RPN	S US5174198/RPN	REP
Reference Patent Publication Date (1)	/RPD	S DEC 1992/RPD	REP
Reference Patent Publication Year (1)	/RPY	S 1970/RPY	REP
Related Application Country	/RLC	S US/RLC	RLI
Related Application Date (1)	/RLD	S 12 AUG 1976/RLD	RLI
Related Application Number (2,11)	/RLN	S US76-713768/RLN	RLI
		S US2000-532918/RLN	
Related Application Type	/RLT	S DIVISION OF/RLT	RLI
Related Application Year (1)	/RLY	S RLY<1976	RLI
Related Patent Publication Date (1)	/RLPD	S 2011/RLPD	RLI
Related Patent Number (2)	/RLPN	S US13887504/RLPN	RLI
Related Patent Publication Year (1)	/RLPY	S 1973/RLPY	RLI
Related Publication Indicator	/RLP	S ABANDONED/RLP	RLI
Section Cross-reference (CAS data) (3)	/SX	S 14/CC,SX	CC, SX
		S PHARMACOLOGY/SX	
Supplementary Term (CAS data)	/ST	S GROWTH PROMOT?/ST	ST
Term of Patent (1)	/PTERM	S 1-4/PTERM	PTERM
Title *	/TI	S THIOPHEN?/TI	TI
Update Date (1)	/UP	S L2 AND UP>NOV 1 2001	Not displayed
Update Date of CA Indexing (1)	/UPCA	S UPCA>=20011106	Not displayed

- (1) Numeric search field that may be searched with numeric operators or ranges.
- (2) Either STN format or Derwent format may be used.
- (3) Search with implied (S) proximity is available in this field.
- (4) An online thesaurus is available for this field.
- (5) This field contains the classifications and catchwords for main classification subject headings and subheadings from the current (7th) edition of the WIPO International Patent Classifications (IPC) manual. To search the classifications from any of the specific editions (1-8) of the IPC manual, use the field code followed by the edition number, e.g., /IC2, ICM2, /ICS2 for the 2nd edition. Catchwords are included only in the fields for the 7th, 6th, and 5th editions of the IPC manual.
- (6) This field is range-searchable in Manual of Classification order. However, it is not a numeric field and may not be searched using numeric operators.
- (7) Available for patent documents published starting in 2001.
- (8) U.S. provisional priority numbers are searched only with the P appended, e.g., US1999-121903P/PRN.
- (9) These fields have not been populated since December 31, 2005 with the introduction of IPC Reform.
- (10) When searching combinations of CPC and CPC.KW data, use (S) proximity operator.
- (11) Application numbers for U.S. utility patents from series code 13 forward, design patents (series code 29) and provisional patent applications (series code 60 and 61) may be searched either with or without their series code. Include the series code if known to ensure precision. Note that provisional patent application numbers searched without their series codes must have a P appended to the end of the number (e.g., US2013-686038P). Series code information is not available for U.S. patent application numbers with series codes below 13.
- (12) Available for selected patent documents usually from September 2012 or later.

Super Search Fields

Enter a super search code to execute a search in one or more fields that may contain the desired information. Super search fields facilitate crossfile and multifile searching. EXPAND may not be used with super search fields. Use EXPAND with the individual field codes instead.

Search Field Name	Search Code	Fields Searched	Search Examples	Display Codes
Cooperative Patent Classification (1)	/CPC	/CPCI, /CPCR	S C12N0009/CPC	CPC, CPCI, CPCR
International Patent Classifications (2,3)	/IPC	/IC, /ICM, /ICS, /IPCI, /IPCR	S A01B/IPC	IPC
International Patent Classification (Old IPC)	/IPC.OLD	/IC, /ICM, /ICS	S A01B001/IPC S A01?/IPC.OLD	IPC
Application Number Group (1,4)	/APPS	/AP, /PRN, /RLN	S US56-626454/APPS S 56US-0626454/APPS S US2013-13261341/APPS S US2013-261341/APPS	AI, PRAI, RLI
Patent Applicant/Assignee (5)	/PASS	/PA, /USPA	S GENOMICS/PASS	PA, USPA
Patent Country Group	/PCS	/PC, /PC. /RPC, /RPC	S US/PCS AND L1	PI, REP, RLI
Patent Number Group (1)	/PATS	/PN, /RLPN, /RPN	S US102601/PATS S US0102601/PATS	PI, REP, RLI

- (1) Either STN format or Derwent format may be used.
- (2) A thesaurus is available for this field.
- (3) EXPAND and SELECT work with this field.
- (4) Application numbers for U.S. utility patents from series code 13 forward, design patents (series code 29) and provisional patent applications (series code 60 and 61) may be searched either with or without their series code. Include the series code if known to ensure precision. Note that provisional patent application numbers searched without their series codes must have a P appended to the end of the number (e.g., US2013-686038P). Series code information is not available for U.S. patent application numbers with series codes below 13.
- (5) The /PASS search code only searches the applicant/assignee name portion of the /PA and /USPA fields.

CPC (/CPC) Thesaurus

The Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC) is jointly developed and maintained by the European Patent Office and the US Patent and Trademark Office. This thesaurus is available in the /CPC search field. All relationship codes can be used with both the EXPAND and SEARCH commands.

Relationship Code	Content	Search Examples
ALL AUTO (1) BT CODE DEF	All usually required terms (BT, SELF, CODE, DEF) Automatic relationship (BT, SELF, CODE, DEF) Broader terms (BT, SELF) Classification Code (SELF, CODE) Definition (SELF, DEF)	E C12M0001-00+ALL/CPC E G01J003-443+AUTO/CPC E G01J0003-443+BT/CPC E CARTRIDGES+CODE/CPC E B65G0045-16+DEF/CPC
HIE	Hierarchy terms (all broader and narrower terms) (BT, SELF, DEF, NT)	E A01B0001-00+HIE/CPC
KT	Keyword terms (SELF, KT)	E LASER+KT/CPC
MAX	All associated terms	E G01J0003-44+MAX/CPC
NEXT	Next classification within the same class (SELF, NEXT)	E A01B0001-24+NEXT/CPC
NEXT(n)	Next n classification within the same class	E A01B0001-24+NEXT3/CPC
NT	Narrower terms	E G05B0001-04+NT/CPC
PREV	Previous Code within the same class (SELF, PREV)	E G05B0019-00+PREV/CPC
PREV(n)	Previous n classifications within the same class	E G05B0019-00+PREV2/CPC
TI	Complete Title of SELF Term and Broader Terms (BT, SELF)	E G05B0001-03+TI/CPC

⁽¹⁾ Automatic Relationship is SET OFF. In case of SET REL ON the result of EXPAND or SEARCH without any relationship code is the same as described for AUTO.

Thesaurus Fields

A thesaurus is present for the National Patent Classification fields (/INCL, /INCLM, /INCLS, /NCL, /NCLM, /NCLS, /RPCL) and the International Patent Classification fields. The classifications and catchwords for the main headings and subheadings from the 7th edition of the WIPO International Patent Classification (IPC) manual are available in the following fields: /IC, /ICM, /ICS, /IPCI, and /IPCR. The classifications from the previous editions (1-7) are also available as separate thesauri. To EXPAND and SEARCH in the thesauri for editions 1-8, use the field code followed by the edition number, e.g., /IC2, /ICM2, /ICS2 for the 2nd edition. Catchwords are included only in the thesauri for the 8th, 7th, 6th, and 5th editions.

Code	Content	Example
ALL	All associated terms	E 135100000+ALL/INCL
ALITO (4)	Automotic Deletionakin (DT CCLE)	E A01N025-04+ALL/IPC
AUTO (1)	Automatic Relationship (BT, SELF)	E A01N025-06/IC REL=ON
ED	Validity Range	E A01B001-00+ED/IPC
HIE	Hierarchy (Broader and Narrower Terms	E 523523000+HIE/NCL
	(all Broader and Narrower Terms)	E A01B001-06+HIE/IPC
INDEX	(BT, SELF, NT) IPC Index Terms	E A01B001-00+INDEX/IPC
TI		E 135+TI/NCLM
11	Complete Title of the SELF Term	E A01B001-04+TI/IPC
BT	Broader Terms	E 135120400+BT/NCLS
ы	2.000	E A01N029-12+BT/IPC
KT	(BT, SELF) Keyword Terms (2)	E ZEOLITES+KT/NCL
KI	(SELF, KT)	E ZEOLITESTRI/NOL
NT	Narrower Terms	E 126001**1+NT/INCL
	(SELF, NT)	E A01N025-00+NT/IPC
NEXT	Next Classification	E 135086000+NEXT15/INCL
		E A01B001-20+NEXT3/ICS
PREV	Previous Classification	E 523523000+PREV3/NCLS
		E A01B001-20+PREV5/IPC
BRO	Complete Class	E 135019000+BRO5/INCL
		E A01B001-20+BRO3/IPC
RT	Related Terms	E A01B001-16+RT/IPC

⁽¹⁾ AUTOMATIC relationship is SET OFF. If you SET RELATION ON, the result of EXPAND without any relationship code is the same as described for AUTO.

⁽²⁾ Keyword terms are the catchwords corresponding to the USPTO Manual of Classifications subject index headings and subheadings.

DISPLAY and PRINT Formats

Any combination of formats may be used to display or print answers. Multiple codes must be separated by spaces or commas, e.g., D L3 1-10 TI,AB or D L3 1-10 TI AB. The fields are displayed or printed in the order requested.

Hit-term highlighting is available in all fields except DRWN and ECL. Highlighting must be on when a SEARCH is performed to use the FHITSTR, HIT, HITRN, HITSTR, KWIC, and OCC formats.

Format	Content	Examples
AB	Abstract	D 1-3 AB
AI (AP) (1)	Application Information	D 4 9 AI
AN (2)	Accession Number	D AN
ARTÚ	Art Unit	D L3 5-7 ARTU
CC (SX)	Classification Code and Section cross-reference (CAS data)	D L3 CC 1-5
CLM	Patent Claim Text	D CLM L8
CLM(n) (3)	Patent Claim Text for Claim n	D CLM(2)
CLMN	Number of Claims	D CLMN
CT (2)	Controlled Term (CAS data)	D 4 CT
CPC	Cooperative Patent Classification	D CPC
CPCI	CPC Initial Classification	D CPCI
CPCR	CPC Reclassification	D CPCR
DCD	Disclaimer Date	D L3 6,8 DCD
DETD	Detailed Description	D 1-4 DETD
DRWD	Drawing Description	D L9 DRWD 3-6
DRWN	Number of Drawings	D DRWN
DT (TC)	Document Type	D DT 2,6-10
ECL	Exemplary Claim Number	D 7 L3 ECL
ECLM (3)	Exemplary Claim Text	D 1-5, 10 ECLM
EXF (2)	Examiner's Field of Search	D 1,5,8 EXF
EXNAM	Examiner S Field of Search	D EXNAM 4-8,11
FS (2)		D FS
GOVI	File Segment Government Interest	D 3,5,7 GOVI
	IPC, Main	
ICM (2) ICS (2)		D 5-6 L1 ICM D L4 1-6 ICS
	IPC, Secondary	
IN (AU)	Inventor (includes INA) Inventor Address	DIN
INA (3)		D L5 1-4 INA
INCL S (2)	Issue Main National Patent Classification Code	D 2,5 INCLM
INCLS (2)	Issue Secondary National Patent Classification Code	D L2 1-3 INCLS
IPC.F (3)	IPC, First Invention	D IPC.F
IPCI (2,5)	IPC, Initial Classification	D IPCI
IPCR (2)	IPC, Reclassification	D IPCR
IT	Index Term (CAS data)	D 1,5,10 IT
LA (3)	Language	DLA
LN.CNT	Line Count	D LN.CNT
LREP (AG)	Legal Representative	D 2 7 LREP
MFN	Microfilm Frame Number of document at the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	D MFN
MRN	Microfilm Reel Number of document at the USPTO	D MRN
NCLM (2)	Current Main National Patent Classification Code	D 1-2 NCLM
NCLS (2)	Current Secondary National Patent Classification Code	D 1-5 NCLS
OS (2)	Other Source Chemical Abstracts	DOS
PA (CS)	Patent Assignee (includes PAA and PAT)	D 1-3 PA
PAA (3)	Patent Assignee Address	D 4 9 PAA
PAO	Patent Assignee, Original	D PAO
PARN	Parent Case Data	D L3 5-7 PARN
PAT (3)	Patent Assignee Type	D L3 PAT 1-5
PI (PN) (1)	Patent Information	D PI L8
PNK	Patent Number/Kind Code	D PNK
PRAI (PRN) (1)	Priority Information	D PRAI
PTERM	Term of Patent	D 4 PTERM

DISPLAY and PRINT Formats (cont'd)

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DAA	Descrippment Agent	DBAA
RAA	Reassignment Agent	D RAA
RAC	Reassignment Company	D RAC
RAD	Reassignment Date	D RAD
RAK	Reassignment Kind	D RAK
RAXD	Reassignment Execution Date	D RAXD
REN	Reference Non-Patent Information	D L3 6,8 REN
REP (RPN)	Reference Patent Information	D 1-4 REP
RLI (RLN) (1)	Related Application Information	D L9 RLI 3-6
RN (3)	CAS Registry Number (CAS data)	D RN 2,6-10
RNK (6)	Relevance Rank in single file	D RNK
RNKM (6)	Relevance Rank in multifiles	D RNKM
ST	Supplementary Terms (CAS data)	D ST
SUMM	Summary of the Invention	D L5 1-4 SUMM
TI (2)	Title	D 2,5 TI
		D USPA
USPA	Applicant Name (Corporate)	D 05PA
ABS	AB	D L3 1-5 ABS
ALL (1)	AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, REP,	D 3 ALL
1 '	REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, AB, GOVI, PARN, SUMM,	
	DRWD, DETD, CLM, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC	
	(CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPC), EXF, ARTU,PPAK	
	(If PatentPak enabled)	
APPS (1)	AI, PRAI, RLI	D APPS
BIB (1) ′	AN, TI, IN, PA, USPA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, EXNAM,	D BIB
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BPP(1)	AN, TI, IN, PA, USPA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, EXNAM,	D BPP
	LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, LN.CNT, PPAK (If PatentPak enabled)	
	00 00 07 17	D CAC 2 L C
CAS	OS, CC, ST, IT	D CAS 3 L2
CBIB	Compressed bibliographic information	D CBIB
CPC	CPCI, CPCR for the basic patent and patent family members	D CPC
CPC.TAB	CPC, CPC.KW, CPC.ACD, CPC.VER in tabular format	D CPC.TAB
CPC.UNIQ	Deduplicated list of CPC codes for the patent family	D CPC.UNIQ
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DALL (1)	ALL, delimited for postprocessing	D 1-15 DALL
IABS	ABS, with a text label	D 1-4 IABS
IALL (1)	ALL, indented with text labels	D IALL 2
IBIB (1)	BIB, indented with text labels	D IBIB 4-10
IBPP(1)	BPP, indented with text labels	D IBPP
IC (2)	International Patent Classifications (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS)	D 1-4 L2 IPC
IMAX (1)	MAX, indented with text labels	D IMAX 1
INCL (2)	Issue National Patent Classification Code (INCLM, INCLS)	D 1,5 L4 INCL
IND	INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC	D L2 IND 1-4
	(IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPC), EXF, ARTU, OS, CC, ST, IT	
IPC (2,5)	International Patent Classifications (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR)	D 1-4 L2 IPC
IPC.TAB (2,5)	IPC in Tabular Format	D IPC.TAB
IPC.UNIQ	Unique IPC codes for a basic and equivalents	D IPC.UNIQ
IRAI (PA.HIST)	RAI, indented with text labels	D IRAI 1, D PA.HIST
ISPP` ´	SPP, indented with text labels	D ISPP
ISTD (1)	STD, indented with text labels	D ISTD 1,5
MAX (1)	AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, REP,	D MAX L1 1
IVICA (II)		DIVIAALII
	REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, AB, GOVI, PARN, SUMM,	
	DRWD, DETD, CLM, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC	
	(CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), EXF, ARTU, OS,	
	CC, ST, IT	
NCL (2)	Current National Patent Classification Code (NCLM, NCLS)	D 6,12 L1 NCL
PATS (1)	PI, REP, RLI	D PATS 1-3
RAI (LSUS)	RAD, RAXD, RAUP, RAK, PAO, RAC, RAC.CNY, RAA, MRN, MFN	D RAI, D LSUS
SBIB (1)	AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, LN.CNT	D SBIB
SCAN (2,4)	AN, TI, NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM,	D SCAN
	ICS, IPCI, IPCR) (random answer display, no answer)	-
L	1	l .

DISPLAY and PRINT Formats (cont'd)

Format	Content	Examples
SPP(1)	AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, LN.CNT, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), EXF, PPAK (If PatentPak enabled)	D SPP
STD (1)	AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, LN.CNT, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), EXF (STD is the default)	D STD 1, 8
TRIAL (FREE) (2)	AN, TI, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR)	D TRIAL
FP (1)	Front page format for: PI, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI, PRAI, IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), EXF, REP, REN, ARTU, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN, AB	D FP
FPALL (1)	Front page format for: PI, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI, PRAI, IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), REP, REN, EXF, ARTU, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN, AB, PARN, SUMM, DRWD, DETD, CLM	D FPALL L10 1
FPBIB (1)	Front page format for: PI, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI, PRAI, REP, REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN	D 1-10 FPBIB
CPC.HIT (HITCPC) FHITSTR	HIT display of CPC code searched First hit CAS Registry Number, its text modification, its CA index name, and its structure diagram	D CPC.HIT or D HITCPC D CBIB FHITSTR
HIT	Fields containing hit terms	D HIT
HITIPC (IPC.HIT)	Hit IPC	D HITIPC or D IPC.HIT
HITPPAK HITRN	Hit PatentPak entry (based on chemical name or RN search) Hit CAS Registry Number and its text modification	D STD IT HITPPAK D HITRN
HITSTR	Hit CAS Registry Number, its text modification, its CA index name, and its structure diagram	D HITSTR
KWIC	Up to 20 words before and after hit terms (KeyWord-In-Context)	D KWIC
OCC (2)	Number of occurrences of hit terms and fields in which they occur	D OCC

⁽¹⁾ By default, patent numbers, application and priority numbers are displayed in STN format. To display them in Derwent format, enter SET PATENT DERWENT at an arrow prompt. To reset display to STN format, enter SET PATENT STN.

- (2) No online display fee for the format.
- (3) Custom display only.
- (4) SCAN must be specified on the command line, i.e., D SCAN or DISPLAY SCAN.
- (5) IPCI-2 is a display label relating to the most recent publication of the patent document. It is part of the IPCI display field.
- (6) The RNK and RNKM formats display only the hit term occurrence ranking for the record, with the following line: RELEVANCE SCORE ##. RNK is for the single file environment, while RNKM is for the multifile environment.

Extended DISPLAY and PRINT formats

Use the extended display formats to display not only the publication from the USPATFULL file, i.e., the original publication, but also the latest publication for the invention, if available, from the USPAT2 file.

Format	Content	Examples
BIB.EX	BIB for the original plus BIB for the latest publication	D 1-5 BIB.EX
CLM.EX	CLM for the original plus CLM for the latest publication	DIS L2 CLM.EX
FP.EX	FP for the original plus FP for the latest publication	D FP.EX 1-
IBIB.EX	IBIB for the original plus BIB for the latest publication	D IBIB.EX 1-3 L5
IMAX.EX	IMAX for the original plus	D IMAX.EX 1

MAX.EX	IMAX for the latest publication MAX for the original plus	DISPLAY L1 1 MAX.EX
	MAX for the latest publication STD for the original plus STD for the latest publication	D STD.EX L5 3, 6

Full-Text Browsing

User Request	Example	System Response
DISPLAY BROWSE	=> DISPLAY BROWSE ENTER (L1) OR L#:. ENTER (DIS), ANSWER NUMBERS, OR END:	NOVICE version
D BRO	=> D BRO L1	EXPERT version
Answer number(s) Answer number(s) and format Format only *Format Forward n fields Backward n fields Search forward for a character string	:1-3 :: 4 HIT :TI TX :*KWIC :F3 :B1 :S GROWTH REGUL	display answers 1, 2, and 3 in default format display next answer in default format display answer 4 in HIT format display title and text of last answer displayed change default to KWIC; no answer displayed move forward 3 fields move backward 1 field search forward within record for 'growth regul'
Search backward for a character string End DISPLAY BROWSE	:S :S- ALKANOIC ACID :S- :END =>	repeat search forward for the current string search backward within record for 'alkanoic acid.' repeat search backward for the current string exit DISPLAY BROWSE and return to => prompt

SELECT, ANALYZE, and SORT Fields

The SELECT command is used to create E-numbers containing terms taken from the specified field in an answer set.

The ANALYZE command is used to create an L-number containing terms taken from the specified field in an answer set.

The SORT command is used to rearrange the search results in either alphabetic or numeric order of the specified field(s).

Field Name	Field Code	ANALYZE/ SELECT (1)	SORT
Abstract	AB	Υ	N
Accession Number	AN	Υ	N
Applicant City (Corporate)	USPA.CTY	Υ	Υ
Applicant Country (Corporate)	USPA.CNY	Υ	Υ
Applicant Name (Corporate)	USPA	Υ	Υ
Applicant State (Corporate)	USPA.ST	Υ	Υ
Application Country	AC	Y (2)	Υ
Application Date	AD	Y (2)	Υ
Application Information	Al	Y (2,3,4)	Υ
Application Number	AP	Y (2,3)	Υ
Application Number Group	APPS	Y (2,3,5)	N
Application Year	AY	Y (2)	Υ
Art Unit	ARTU	Υ	Υ
Author (Inventor)	AU	Y (6)	Υ
CAS Registry Number (CAS data)	RN	Y (2)	N
Citation	CIT	Y (2,7)	N
Classification Code (CAS data)	CC	Υ	Υ
Controlled Term	CT	Y (2)	N
CPC Classification	CPC	Y (20)	N
CPC, Initial	CPCI	Y (21)	N
CPC, Reclassified	CPCR	Y (21)	N

SELECT, ANALYZE, and SORT Fields (cont'd)

Field Name	Field Code	ANALYZE/ SELECT (1)	SORT
		• •	
CPC Hit Display CPC Codes Deduplicated for patent family	CPC.HIT (HITCPC) CPC.UNIQ	Y	Y Y
	CS CPC.UNIQ		Ϋ́
Corporate Source (Patent Assignee)	NCLM	Y (8)	Ϋ́
Current Main National Patent Classification Code	-	Y	
Current National Patent Classification Code, Main and Secondary	NCL NCLS	Y	Y N
Current Secondary National Patent Classification Code	-		
Detailed Description	DETD	Y (9)	N Y
Disclaimer Date	DCD DT	Y	Ϋ́
Document Type		Y (9))	Y N
Drawing Description Examiner Name	DRWD EXNAM	Y (9))	Y
Examiner Name Examiner's Field of Search	EXF	Y	Ϋ́
	ECLM	Y	r N
Exemplary Claim Text		Y	
Government Interest	GOVI IT	Ϋ́ (2)	N N
Index Term (CAS data)	IPC		
International Patent Classifications, All codes		Y (10)	N Y
International Patent Classifications, Main and Secondary	IC IN	Y	Ϋ́Υ
Inventor			
Inventor Address	INA IN CTV	N	Y
Inventor Address, City	IN.CTY	Y	Y
Inventor Address, Country	IN.CNY	Y	Y
Inventor Address, State	IN.ST	Y	Y
Inventor Address, ZIP Code	IN.ZIP	Υ (40)	Y
IPC First Invention	IPC.F	Y (10)	N
IPC, Main	ICM	Y	Y
IPC, Secondary	ICS	Y (40)	Y
IPC Initial Classification	IPCI	Y (10)	N
IPC Reclassification	IPCR	Y (10)	N
Issue Main National Patent Classification Code	INCLM	Y	Y
Issue National Patent Classification Code, Main and Secondary	INCL	Y	Y
Issue Secondary National Patent Classification	INCLS	Y	N
Language	LA LREP	Y	Y
Legal Representative		Y (11)	N
Line Count	AG	N (11)	N Y
Number of Claims	LN.CNT	N	Ϋ́
Occurrence Count of Hit Terms	CLMN	N	Ϋ́
Other Source Chemical Abstracts	OCC OS		r N
Other Source Chemical Abstracts Other Source Patent Number	OSPN	Y (2) Y (2,12)	N
Parent Case Data	PARN		N
Patent Assignee	PA	Y (9) Y	Y
Patent Assignee Address	PAA	N	Ϋ́
Patent Assignee Address, City	PA.CTY	Y	Ϋ́
Patent Assignee Address, Country	PA.CNY	Ý	Ϋ́
Patent Assignee Address, Country Patent Assignee Address, State	PA.ST	Ϋ́	Ý
Patent Assignee Address, SIP Code	PA.ZIP	Ý	Ϋ́
Patent Assignee Type	PAT	Y	Ϋ́
Patent Assignee Type Patent Assignee, Original	PAO	Y	r N
Patent Claim Text	CLM	Ϋ́	N
Patent Country	PC	Ϋ́ (2)	Y
Patent Country Patent Country Group	PCS	Y (2,13)	Ϋ́
Patent Date	PD	Y (2)	Ϋ́
Patent Information	PI	Y (2,3,14)	Ϋ́
Patent Kind	PK	Y (2,3,14)	Ϋ́
Patent Number	PN	Y (2,3)	Ý
Patent Number Group	PATS	Y (2,3,15)	Ý
·			
Patent Number/Kind Code	PNK	Υ	Υ

SELECT, ANALYZE, and SORT Fields (cont'd)

Field Name	Field Code	ANALYZE/ SELECT (1)	SORT
Patent Year	PY	Y (2)	Υ
Priority Country	PRC	Y (2)	Ϋ́
Priority Date	PRD	Y (2)	Υ
Priority Information	PRAI	Y (2,3,16)	Υ
Priority Number	PRN	Y (2,3)	Υ
Priority Year	PRY	Y (2)	Υ
Reassignment Agent	RAA	Υ ` ΄	N
Reassignment Company	RAC	Υ	N
Reassignment Country	RAC.CNY	Υ	Υ
Reassignment Date	RAD	Υ	N
Reassignment Execution Date	RAXD	Υ	N
Reassignment Kind	RAK	Υ	N
Reassignment Update Date	RAUP	Υ	N
Reference Patent Classification	RPCL	Y (2)	N
Reference Patent Country	RPC	Y (2)	N
Reference Patent Information	REP	Y (2,3,17)	N
Reference Patent Inventor	RPIN	Y (2)	N
Reference Patent IPC	RPIC	Y (2,3)	N
Reference Patent Number	RPN	Y (2,3)	N
Reference Patent Publication Date	RPD	Y (2)	N
Reference Patent Publication Year	RPY	Y (2)	N
Related Application Country	RLC	Y (2)	N
Related Application Date	RLD	Υ	N
Related Application Information	RLI	Y (3,18)	N
Related Application Number	RLN	Y (3)	N
Related Application Type	RLT	Υ	Υ
Related Application Year	RLY	Υ	N
Related Patent Number	RLPN	Y (3)	Υ
Related Patent Publication Year	RLPY	Υ	N
Section Cross-reference (CAS data)	SX	Υ	Y
Summary of the Invention	SUMM	Y (9)	N
Supplementary Term (CAS data)	ST	Υ	N
Term of Patent	PTERM	N	Υ
Title	TI	Y (default)	Υ
Treatment Code	TC	Y (19)	Υ

- (1) HIT may be used to restrict terms extracted to terms that match the search expression used to create the answer set, e.g., SEL HIT TI
 - SELECT HIT and ANALYZE HIT are not valid with this field.
- (3) Enter SET PATENT DERWENT at an arrow prompt (=>) to SELECT or ANALYZE patent and application numbers in Derwent format.
- (4) Selects or analyzes the application number with /AP appended to the terms created by SELECT.
- (5) Selects or analyzes AP, PRN, and RLN and appends APPS to the terms created by SELECT.
- (6) Appends /IN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (7) Extracts patent number, publication year with a truncation symbol appended and with /RE appended to the terms created by SELECT.
- (8) Appends /PA to the terms created by SELECT.
- (9) Appends /BI to the terms created by SELECT.
- (10) Selects or analyzes all codes and appends /IPC to the terms created by SELECT.
- (11) Appends /LREP to the term created by SELECT.
- (12) Appends /PN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (13) Selects or analyzes the PC and RPC and appends /PCS to the] terms created by SELECT.
- (14) Selects or analyzes the PN and appends /PN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (15) Selects or analyzes PN, RPN, RLPN and appends /PATS to the terms created by SELECT.
- (16) Selects or analyzes the PRN and appends /PRN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (17) Selects or analyzes the RPN and appends /RPN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (18) Selects or analyzes the RLN and appends /RLN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (19) Appends /DT to the terms created by SELECT.
- (20) Select CPC selects all CPCI and CPCR classifications and appends /CPC as a field code.
- (21) SELECT appends /CPC.

Sample Records

DISPLAY IMAX

ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:44303 USPATFULL Full-text

Treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms TITLE:

Romano, Steven Joseph, New York, NY, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S):

> Giller, Earl L., Madison, CT, UNITED STATES Harrigan, Edmund P., Old Lyme, CT, UNITED STATES

Seeger, Thomas F., Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES

Pfizer Inc (U.S. corporation) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE ______ PATENT INFORMATION: US 20050038036 A1 20050217 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-843915 A1 20040512 (10)

> NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-471450P 20030516 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR - STOP 49,

NEW YORK, NY, 10017-5612

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US 20050038036

<no data available>

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

ABSTRACT:

The present invention relates to a method for treatments relating to bipolar disorder in a mammal, including a human, the treatments including treatment of rapid-cycling bipolar disorder, treatment of symptoms of bipolar disorder selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression, treatment for effecting mood stabilization; treatment for preventing relapse into bipolar episodes, and for the treatment of suicidal thoughts and tendencies associated with bipolar disorder, comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of the formula I: ##STR1## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar, n, X, and Y are as defined.

[0001] This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. 119 of U.S. Provisional 60/471,450, filed May 16, 2003. The entire contents of the prior application are incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to the treatment of bipolar disorder in a mammal, including a human. More specifically, the present invention is directed to the treatment in a mammal, including a human, of rapid-cycling bipolar disorder, and for the treatment of symptoms of bipolar disorder, such symptoms selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression. The present invention is also directed to a treatment method for effecting mood stabilization in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder. The present invention further relates to a method of preventing relapse into bipolar episodes in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder. The present invention is further directed to the treating suicidal thoughts and tendencies in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder. The present invention also relates to new therapeutic uses for piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of the formula I, as defined below, for example ziprasidone.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of formula I of this invention are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,831,031 and 4,883,795, both of which are assigned in common with the present application. Certain treatments for such compounds are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,127,373, 6,245,766, and 6,387,904, all of which are also assigned in common with the present application. The patents listed in this paragraph are incorporated by reference in their entireties into the present disclosure.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] The present invention relates to the use of piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of the formula I, as defined below, in methods for the treatment of bipolar disorder in a mammal, including a human. Specifically, the present invention is directed to a method for the treatment in a mammal, including a human, of rapid-cycling bipolar disorder, a method for the treatment of symptoms of bipolar disorder, such symptoms selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression; a method for a treatment that effects mood stabilization in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder; a method for a treatment that prevents relapse into bipolar episodes in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder; and tendencies in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder; such treatments comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of the formula I: ##STR2##

[0005] or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

• • •

[0021] The psychiatric disorders and conditions referred to herein are known to those of skill in the art and are defined in art-recognized medical texts such as the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition, American Psychiatric Association, 1994 (DSM-IV), which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0022] The piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of formula I can be prepared by one or more of the synthetic methods described and referred to in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,831,031 and 4,883,795 u.S. Pat. Nos. 4,831,031 and 4,883,795 are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

• • •

[0032] When an active compound of this invention is to be used in a human subject to treat psychiatric conditions whose manisfestations include psychiatric symptoms or behavioral disturbance, the prescribing physician will normally determine the daily dosage. Moreover, the dosage will vary according to the age, weight and response of the individual patient as well as the severity of the patient's symptoms. However, in most instances, an effective amount for treating the psychiatric conditions described herein, will be a daily dosage in the range from about 0.5 to about 500 mg, more specifically

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about 10 mg a day to about 200 mg a day, relatively more specifically about 20 mg a day to about 180 mg a day, relatively still more specifically about 30 mg a day to about 170 mg a day, and relatively even more specifically from about 40 to about 160 mg a day, in single or divided doses, orally or parenterally. In some instances it may be necessary to use dosages outside these limits. The receptor binding and neurotransmitter uptake inhibition profile for Ziprasidone, 5-(2-(4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazinyl)ethyl)chlorooxindole, was described in The Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 275, 101-113 (1995), which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. A summary of its affinity for various receptors in the central nervous system tissue is presented in Table 1.

Ziprasidone

```
Receptor (Ligand)
DA D1([.sup.3H]SCH23390)
                            6.28 + 0.17 (3)
DA D2([.sup.3H]spiperone) 8.32 + 0.04 (6)
DA D3([.sup.3H]raclopride) 8.14 + 0.03 (3)
                           7.49 + 0.11 (3)
DA D4[.sup.3 H]spiperone)
5-HT2A([.sup.3H]ketanserin) 9.38 + 0.03 (5)
5-HT1A([.sup.3H]-80H-DPAT) 8.47 + 0.05 (4)
5-HT-2C- ([.sup.3H]mesulergine) 8.88 + 0.05 (6)
5-HT1D- ([.sup.3H]-5-HT)
                         8.69 + 0.04 (6)
Alpha-1 ([.sup.3H]prazosin) 7.98 + 0.03 (3)
Histamine H1
                            7.33 + 0.07 (3)
([.sup.3H]mepyramine)
Neurotransmitter Reuptake
Blockade:
Norpinephrine
                            7.30 + 0.01 (4)
5-HT
                            7.29 + 0.06 (3)
DA
                            6.58 + 0.02 (3)
```

[0033] The following examples illustrate methods of preparing various compounds of formula I.

EXAMPLE 1

[0034] 6-(2-(4-(1-Naphthyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)-benzoxazolone

[0035] A. To a 500 ml three-necked round-bottomed flask equipped with mechanical stirrer and nitrogen inlet were added 200 grams of polyphosphoric acid, 13.51 grams (0.1 mole) of benzoxazolone, and 13.89 g (0.1 mole) of bromoacetic acid. The reaction was heated with stirring at 115° C. for 2.5 hours and poured into 1 kg ice. The mixture was stirred mechanically for 1 hour to form a purple solid, which was then filtered off and washed with water. The solid was slurried with acetone for 30 minutes, a small amount of purple solid filtered off, and the brown filtrate evaporated. The resulting dark brown gum was slurried with 150 ml ethanol for 30 minutes, and the brown solid filtered off and washed with ethanol. This solid has a m.p. of 192°-194° C.

[0036] The solid (6.6 grams, 0.0257 mole) was placed in a 100 ml three-necked round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirrer, dropping funnel, thermometer, and nitrogen inlet and 19.15 ml (0.257 mole) of trifluoroacetic acid added. Triethylsilane (9.44 ml, 0.0591 mole) was added dropwise to the stirring slurry over 30 minutes. The reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature, then poured into 150 grams ice. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, and the brown gum filtered off. The gum was dissolved in 100 ml ethyl acetate, and 125 ml cyclohexane added, giving a brown precipitate, which was filtered and washed with cyclohexane. The filtrate was evaporated and the resulting yellow solid slurried with 50 ml isopropyl ether the pale yellow solid was filtered off and dried to give 2.7 g 6-(2-bromoethyl)-benzoxazolone (11% yield for two steps), m.p. $148'-151^{\circ}$ C.

[0037] B. To a 100 ml round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirrer, condenser, and nitrogen inlet were added 0.618 g (2.10 mmol) of N-(1-naphthyl) piperazine 0.472 g (1.95 mmol) of 6-(2-bromoethyl)-benzoxazolone,

0.411 ml (2.92 mmol) of triethylamine, 50 ml ethanol, and a catalytic amount of sodium iodide. The reaction was refluxed for 3 days, cooled, and evaporated to a brown gum. The gum was partitioned between 50 ml water and 75 ml methylene chloride, the pH adjusted with aqueous 1 N sodium hydroxide solution, and a little methanol added to facilitate phase separation. The methylene chloride layer was dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated, then chromatographed on silica gel. Fractions containing the product were combined and evaporated, the residue taken up in ethyl acetate, treated with hydrochloride gas, and the resulting hydrochloride salt of the product filtered off to give the while solid title compound, m.p. 282°-285° C., 213 mg (23% yield).

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EXAMPLE 2
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[0038] 6-(2-(4-(1-Naphthyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)-benzimidazolone \bullet \bullet \bullet EXAMPLE 17
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[0100] 6-(4-(2-(3-Benzisothiazolyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)phenyl)benzothiazolone

[0101] To a 100 ml round-bottomed flask equipped with condenser and nitrogen in let were added 1.03 grams (4 mmol) 6-(2-bromoethyl)-benzothiazolone, 0.88 grams (4 mmol) N-benzisothiazolylpiperazine, 0.84 grams (8 mmol) sodium carbonate, 2 mg sodium iodide, and 40 ml methylisobutyl ketone. The reaction was refluxed 36 hours, cooled, filtered, and the filtrate evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel using ethyl acetate as eluent to afford an oil, which was taken up in methylene chloride and precipitated by addition of ether saturated with HCl. The solid was filtered, washed with ether, dried briefly, washed with a minimal amount of acetone and dried to afford a white solid, m.p. $288^{\circ}-290^{\circ}$ C., 1.44 grams (76.7%).

EXAMPLE A

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[0102] A. Following the general procedure for the preparation of 5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole in Example 12A, the following intermediates were prepared from the appropriate oxindoles:
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[0103] 5-(chloroacetyl)-1-ethyl-oxindole (81%, m.p. 1570-1590 C., NMR(CDC1.sub.3); 1.30(t,3H), 3.60(s,2H), 3.85(q,2H), 4.70(s,2H), 6.85-8.15(m,2H);
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[0104] 5-(chloroacetyl)-1-methyloxindole(C.sub.1, H.sub.10ClNO.sub.2, 92%, m.p. 2010-2020 C.;

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[0105] 1(3-chlorophenyl)-5(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 98% m.p. 143°-145° C., NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 3.85(br s,2H), 5.10(s,2H), 6.8(d,1H), 7.4-7.6(m,4H), 7.9 (s+d,2H); MS(%): 319(17, 270(100), 179(46), 178(38);
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[0106] 1,3-dimethyl-5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 97% m.p. 206°-207°

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[0107] 5-(chloroacetyl)-spirocyclopentane[1,3']-indolone, 99%, m.p.
203°-204° C.(dec).; NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 2.0(brs,8H), 4.95(s,2H),
6.9(d,1H), 7.8(d+s,2H), 10.6(brs, 1H);
```

[0108] 5-(chloroacetyl)-1,3,3-trimethyloxindole, 82%, m.p. 1820-185° C., NMR(CDCl.sub.3): 1.45(s,6H), 3.25(s,3H), 4.65(s,2H), 6.9(d, 1H), 7.9(s,1H), 8.0(d,1H);

```
[0109] 6-fluoro-5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 96%, m.p. 1780-1800 C.; NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 3.5(s,2H), 4.8(d,2H), 6.7-7.2(m,2H), 7.8(d,1H);
```

[0110] 7-fluoro5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 91%, m.p. 1940-1960 C., NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 3.68(s,2H), 5.13(s,2H) 7.65-7.9(dd,2H);

[0111] 6-chloro-5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 99%, m.p. 206°-207° C.;

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[0112] 5-(chloroacetyl)-3,3-dimethyl-6-fluorooxindole, 89%, m.p.
185°-1880 C.;
[0113] 5-(y-chlorobutyryl) oxindole, 84%, oil, MS(%): 239, 237(55);
[0114] 1-ethyl-5-(y-chlorobutyryl)oxindole, 99%, oil, NMR(CDCl.sub.3):
1.2\,(\text{t,3H})\,,\,\,1.5-2.7\,(\text{m,5H})\,,\,\,3.0-3.2\,(\text{m,2H})\,,\,\,3.5-4.0\,(\text{m,3H})\,,\,\,6.8-7.0\,(\text{d,1H})\,,\,\,
7.9(s,1H), 7.95(d,1H), and
[0115] 5-(y-chlorobutyryl)-7-fluorooxindole, 53%, m.p. 156°-160°
С.
EXAMPLE B
[0116] By the same procedure as that used to prepare 5-(2-chlorethyl)oxindole
in Example 12B, the following were prepared:
[0117] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1-ethyloxindole, 93%, m.p. 120°-122° C.;
NMR (CDC1.sub.3): 1.30(t,2H), 3.55(s,2H), 3.65-4.0(m,4H), 6.8-7.3(m,3H);
[0118] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1-methyloxindole, 99%, m.p. 127°-130°
C.; NMR (CDC1.sub.3): 3.1(t,2H), 3.2(s,2H), 3.5(s,2H), 3.75(t,2H), 6.8(d,1H),
7.15(s,1H), 7.3(d,1H);
[0119] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)oxindole, 83%, m.p.
75°-76° C.;
[0120] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1,3-dimethyloxindole, 58%, m.p. 73°-750 C., NMR
CDCl.sub.3): 1.45-1.55(d,3H), 3.03-3.2(t,2H), 3.25(s,3H), 3.30-3.60(q,1H),
3.65-3.90(t,2H), 6.85-6.90(d,1H), 7.15(s,1H), 7.15-7.30(d,1H);
[0121] 5'-(2-chloroethyl)-spiro[cyclopentane-1,3'-indoline]-2'-one, 92%, m.p.
140°-142° C.; NMR (DMSO-d.sub.6): 2.8 (brs,8H), 2.90 (t,2H),
3.7(t,2H), 6.6-7.1(m,3H), 10.2(brs,1H);
[0122] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-,3,3-trimethyloxindole, 83%, oil;
[0123] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-6-fluorooxindole 62%, m.p. 1880-190° C.;
NMR(DMSO-ds) 3.05(t,2H), 3.5(2,2H), 3.85(t,2H), 6.6-7.3(m,2H);
[0124] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-7-fluorooxindole, 79%, m.p. 176°-1790 C.;
MS(%); 213(50), 180(20), 164(100), 136(76);
[0125] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-6-chlorooxindole, 94%, m.p. 210°-211°
C.;
[0126] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-3,3-dimethyl-6-fluorooxindole (C.sub.12H.sub.13C1FNO,
84%, m.p. 195°-1960 C., NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 1.3(s,6H), 3.05(t,2H),
3.7(t,2H), 6.65(d,1H), 7.1(d,1H), 10.1(br s,1H);
[0127] 5-(4-chlorobutyl) oxindole, 40%, oil, NMR(CDCl.sub.3): 1.6-2.0(m,4H),
2.6(m, 2H), 3.6(m, 4H), 6.8-7.15(m, 3H), 9.05(br s, 1H);
[0128] 5-(4-chlorobutyl)-ethyloxindole, 48%, oil, NMR(CDCl.sub.3): 1.25(t,3H),
1.5-1.95(m,4H), 2.6(m,2H), 3.5(s,2H), 3.55(t,2H), 3.75(q,2H), 6.7-7.2(m,3H);
and
[0129] 5-(4-chlorobutyl)-7-fluorooxindole, 71%, m.p. 1680-173° C.
What is claimed is:
1. A method for treating rapid-cycling bipolar disorder in a mammal in need
thereof comprising administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective
amount of a compound of formula
                                  ##STR5## or a pharmaceutically acceptable
acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or
dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro,
```

trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

- 2. A method of treating in a mammal in need thereof a symptom of bipolar disorder selected from the group consisting of acute mania, depression, and suicidal thoughts or suicidal tendencies, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR6## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression.
- 4. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is suicidal thoughts or tendencies.
- 5. A method of stabilizing mood or of preventing relapse into a bipolar episode in a mammal afflicted with bipolar disorder, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound ##STR7## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.
- 6. The method of claim 5, for stabilizing mood.
- 7. The method of claim 5, for preventing relapse into a bipolar episode.
- 8. The method of any preceding claim wherein the compound is ziprasidone.
- 9. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and is administered in dosages of about $0.5\ \mathrm{mg}$ to about $500\ \mathrm{mg}$ per day.

- 10. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is oral.
- 11. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is parenteral.
- 12. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 96 hours after administrating the compound.
- 13. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 24 to about 96 hours after administering the compound.

ISSUE U.S. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: 514/253.060

SECONDARY: 514/254.020; 514/254.060

CURRENT U.S. PATENT CLASSIF .:

MAIN: 514/253.060

SECONDARY: 514/254.020; 514/254.060

COOP. PATENT CLASSIF.:

INITIAL: A61K0031-496 [I]

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.: [7]

INITIAL: A61K0031-496 [ICM, 7]

RECLASS: A61K0031-496 [I]; A61P0025-00 [I]; A61P0025-24 [I]

CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS INDEXING COPYRIGHT 2013 ACS on STN

PATENT KIND DATE

OS CA 141:420463 * WO 2004100957 A1 20041125

* CA Indexing for this record included

CA CLASSIF.: 1-11 (Pharmacology)

SUPPL. TERM: bipolar disorder treatment piperazinyl heterocyclic compd;

ziprasidone treatment acute mania depression mood stabilization; suicide thought treatment ziprasidone

INDEX TERM: Dopamine receptors

(D1, ziprasidone affinity for, in central nervous system tissue; treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms using piperazinyl-heterocyclic compds., especially

ziprasidone)

INDEX TERM: Dopamine receptors

(D1A, ziprasidone affinity for, in central nervous system tissue; treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms using piperazinyl-heterocyclic

compds., especially ziprasidone)

. . .

INDEX TERM: 50-67-9, 5-HT, biological studies 51-41-2, Norepinephrine

51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies

(ziprasidone blockade of reuptake of; treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms using

piperazinyl-heterocyclic compds., especially ziprasidone)

D CLM.EX

-- Original Publication -- (APPLICATION - A1)

CLM What is claimed is:

1. A method for treating rapid-cycling bipolar disorder in a mammal in need thereof comprising administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR5## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro,

trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

- 2. A method of treating in a mammal in need thereof a symptom of bipolar disorder selected from the group consisting of acute mania, depression, and suicidal thoughts or suicidal tendencies, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR6## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression.
- $4.\ \ \$ The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is suicidal thoughts or tendencies.
- 5. A method of stabilizing mood or of preventing relapse into a bipolar episode in a mammal afflicted with bipolar disorder, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR7## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.
- 6. The method of claim 5, for stabilizing mood.

- 7. The method of claim 5, for preventing relapse into a bipolar episode.
- 8. The method of any preceding claim wherein the compound is ziprasidone.
- 9. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and is administered in dosages of about $0.5~\mathrm{mg}$ to about $500~\mathrm{mg}$ per day.
- 10. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is oral.
- 11. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is parenteral.
- 12. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 96 hours after administrating the compound.
- 13. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 24 to about 96 hours after administering the compound.

DISPLAY BIB.EX

```
-- Original Publication -- (APPLICATION - A1)
```

ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN

```
2005:44303 USPATFULL Full-text
AN
      Treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms
TΙ
ΤN
      Romano, Steven Joseph, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
      Giller, Earl L., Madison, CT, UNITED STATES
      Harrigan, Edmund P., Old Lyme, CT, UNITED STATES
      Seeger, Thomas F., Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES
      Pfizer Inc (U.S. corporation)
                       A1 20050217
      US 20050038036
PΙ
                          A1 20040512 (10)
      US 2004-843915
ΑI
PRAI US 2003-471450P
                              20030516 (60)
DТ
      Utility
FS
      APPLICATION
     PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR - STOP 49, NEW YORK, NY,
LREP
      10017-5612
CLMN Number of Claims: 13
ECL
     Exemplary Claim: 1
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     No Drawings
LN.CNT 972
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
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24 **USPATFULL DISPLAY SPP**

```
ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
L1
ΑN
       2019:273623 USPATFULL Full-text
       Soybean variety 5PCDJ10
TΙ
       Owen, Philip A., Baldwin, IL, UNITED STATES
       MONSANTO TECHNOLOGY LLC, St. Louis, MO, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 10368520
                         B1 20190806
       US 2018-15988342
                               20180524 (15)
ΑI
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DT
FS
       GRANTED
LN.CNT 2255
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             A01H0005-10 [I]; A01H0006-54 [I]
       IPCR
             A01H0005-10 [I]; A01H0006-54 [I]
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
PPAK
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     290-87-9D, Triazine, Pg 20
     30581-70-5D, Cyclohexanedione, Pg 20
     35724-27-7D, Pg 20
     38669-41-9D, Phenoxypropionic acid, Pg 20
     1071-83-6, Glyphosate, Pg 20
     1689-84-5, Bromoxynil, Pg 20
     1918-00-9, Dicamba, Pg 20
     51276-47-2, Glufosinate, Pg 20
```

In North America STN North America P.O. Box 3012 Columbus, Ohio 43210-0012 U.S.A.

CAS Customer Center:
Phone: 800-753-4227 (North America)
614-447-3700 (worldwide)

614-447-3751 Email: help@cas.org Internet: www.cas.org

In Europe FIZ Karlsruhe STN Europe P.O. Box 2465 76012 Karlsruhe Germany
Phone: +49-7247-808-555
Fax: +49-7247-808-259
Email: helpdesk@fiz-karlsruhe.de Internet: www.stn-international.com

In Japan JAICI (Japan Association for International Chemical Information) STN Japan STN Japan
Nakai Building
6-25-4 Honkomagome, Bunkyo-ku
Tokyo 113-0021, Japan
Phone: +81-3-5978-3601 (Technical Service)
+81-3-5978-3621 (Customer Service)

+81-3-5978-3600

support@jaici.or.jp (Technical Service) customer@jaici.or.jp (Customer Service) Email:

Internet: www.jaici.or.jp